# Artistic Licence





# Art-Net mx

# Specification for the Art-Net mx Ethernet Communication Standard

Release V1.4 Document Revision AA 1/4/04

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#### Comments on Revision P:

1. Editorial Changes.

#### Comments on Revision Q:

There are a number of subtle changes in this revision that may require some minor code changes in products that implement Art-Net. The following is a list of pointers to areas of the document that have changed.

- 1. The secondary IP address has been changed to a 10.x.x.x. This is an un-routable address
- 2. The method of calculating the IP address from the MAC address has been improved.
- 3. Each packet definition now contains a detailed description of allowed implementation and private versus broadcast reply.
- 4. Programmable IP addresses added.
- 5. RDM Support Added
- 6. Server reply added

#### Comments on Revision R:

1. Type in ArtAddress->Swout corrected.

#### Comments on Revision 5:

1. Typographic corrections.

#### Comments on Revision AA:

1. Addition of mx extensions.

#### Overview:

Art-Net is an Ethernet protocol based on the TCP/IP protocol suite. Its purpose is to allow transfer of large amounts of DMX512 data over a wide area using standard networking technology. Art-Net is primarily intended to operate over 10BaseT networks.

The latest revision of the protocol implements a number of new features and also simplifies the data transfer mechanism. The changes are all based on feed back from manufacturers who are using the protocol.

#### Limitations:

A theoretical limit of 255 universes of DMX512 exists in this specification. However a simplistic data rate comparison (DMX runs at 250KBaud, 10BaseT at 10MBaud) suggests a maximum of 40 universes of DMX is the limit. Art-Net uses a simple delta transmission compression technique that will provide about 60 universes. If an installation of more than say 20 universes is contemplated, then a 100BaseT backbone should be considered. If this is done, then the universe limit occurs only between the node and the backbone up-converter. i.e. there would be no problem.

#### Terminology:

- Node: A device that translates DMX512 to or from Art-Net is referred to as a Node
- Universe: A single DMX512 frame of 512 channels is referred to as a Universe.
- Sub-Net: A group of 16 consecutive ports on the limited broadcast address is referred to as a sub-net. (Not to be confused with the subnet mask).
- A central controller or monitoring device (lighting console) is referred to as a Server.
- IP: The IP is the Internet protocol address. It is expressed in either a long word format (0x12345678) or dot format (2.255.255.255). Convention is that the former is hexadecimal and the latter is decimal. The IP uniquely identifies any Nodes or Servers on a network.
- Subnet Mask: Defines which part of the IP represents the Network address and
  which part represents the Node address. All Art-Net implementations require a SubNet mask of 255.0.0.0. This means that the first byte of the IP is the network
  address and the remaining three bytes are the Node address.
- Port: Actual data transmission on Art-Net uses the UDP protocol that operates 'on top of' the TCP/IP protocol. UDP data transfer operates by transferring data from a specific IP:Port address on a Node or Server to a second specific IP:Port address on a second Node or Server. Art-Net uses only one port address of 0x1936.
- Limited Broadcast: When a network first connects, the Server does not know the number of Nodes on the network, nor does it know their IP addresses. The Limited broadcast address allows the Server to send an ArtPoll to all Nodes on the network.

- Server: A generic term describing an Art-Net device with the primary task of generating control data. For example, a lighting console.
- Node: A generic term describing an Art-Net device with the primary task of receiving control data. For example, a dimmer or an Ethernet to DMX gateway.
- Media Server: A generic term describing an Art-Net device capable of generating control data based on the 'mx' Media Extensions to Art-Net.

#### **Ethernet Implementation:**

#### General Notes:

- All communication is UDP. Each packet format defined in this document form the Data field of an enclosing UDP packet.
- Packet formats are specified in a manner similar to C-language structures, in which all
  data items are considered to be unsigned integers of type INT8, INT16 or INT32
  according to the number of bits. There are no hidden padding bytes, except at the
  very end of a packet, which may be rounded up to a multiple of 2 or 4 bytes. Extra
  bytes at the end of a valid received packet are ignored.
- The protocols are generalised for handling future versions with increased numbers of ports.
- Many bit data fields contain unused positions. These may be used in future versions of the protocol. They should be transmitted as zero and not tested by receivers.
- All packet definitions are designed such that their length can be increased in future revisions, whilst retaining compatibility. For this reason, only minimum packet length is checked in this protocol.

#### Protocol Operation:

A Node operates in one mode, each Node having a unique IP address derived from its Ethernet MAC address. The UDP port used as sources and destinations is 0x1936.

#### IP address configuration

The Art-Net protocol, by default, uses a Class A IP address scheme. This allows Art-Net products to communicate directly and without the need for a DHCP server to be connected to the network. The use of Class A addressing is allowed within a closed network. It is important to ensure that Art-Net data is not routed onto the Internet.

Products implementing Art-Net should default to the Primary IP address of 2.2.2.2.

The IP address consists of a 32 bit number designated as A.B.C.D. The lower the bytes B.C.D is calculated from the MAC address. The high byte 'A' is set to one of two values as shown in the following table.

The MAC address is a 48 bit number designated u:v:w:x:y:z. This is a globally unique number. The upper three bytes 'u.v.w' are registered to a specific organisation. The lower three bytes 'x.y.z' are assigned by that organisation. In order to ensure that there is minimal possibility of IP address conflicts between different manufacturers supporting Art-Net, the product OEM code is added to the MAC address.

The 'B' field of the IP address is calculated by adding the high byte of the OEM code with the low byte of the OEM code and the 'x' field of the MAC address.

On power up, the Node checks its configuration for IP addressing mode. If it has been programmed to use a custom IP address, the following procedure is not used.

	IP Address A.B.C.D			Subnet Mask	
'roduct Switch Settings	Α	В	C	٥	
Custom IP Programmed	As Programmed		As Programmed		
Jetwork Switch Off	2	x+OEM	У	z	255.0.0.0
Jetwork Switch On	10	x+OEM	У	z	255.0.0.0

The sub-net mask is always initialised to 255.0.0.0, unless a custom IP address is in use. This means that the network address is the most significant 8 bits and the Node address is the least significant 24 bits of the IP address. This is a Class A network address and for this reason care must be exercised when connecting to other networks. If an installation requires connection of an Art-Net network to another network that has Internet access, then the connection must be implemented via a router that filters out the Class A addresses.

#### IP address Example

Given the following settings, the IP address calculation will be as follows:

Network Switch = Off

MAC address = 12.45.78.98.34.76

 $OEM code = 0 \times 0010$ 

#### Calculation:

IP Address A = 2 (Because Network switch is off).

IP Address B = 114 (98 + 0 + 16).

IP Address C = 34 (from MAC address).

IP Address D = 76 (from MAC address).

IP Address = 2.114.34.76.

#### Server Default Poll

By default a Server should poll both the primary and secondary Art-Net addresses:

2.255.255.255:0×1936	Primary Art-Net Address
10.255.255.255:0x1936	Secondary Art-Net Address

#### Network Topology:

Art-Net allows two network topologies to operate simultaneously:

- Peer to Peer: This is an unmanaged network where multiple Nodes transfer data without the intervention of a server. All data transfer uses ArtDmx packets. All data is broadcast. This is the power on mode of operation for all Art-Net compliant products. In Peer to Peer mode, all IP packets are sent to the limited broadcast address 2.255.255.255 (or 10.255.255.255 depending upon the Network Switch setting), and are therefore received by all Nodes on the same local network.
- Server to Peer: This is the most sophisticated implementation whereby one or more Nodes communicate with one or more central servers (lighting consoles). This mode of operation is programmable using the ArtPoll data packet. In Server to Peer mode, data transfer can be programmed to operate as broadcast or private.

The Universe Address of each DMX512 Universe is encoded as an 8-bit number. The high nibble is referred to as the Sub-net address and is set to a single value for each Node. The low nibble is used to define the individual DMX512 Universe within the Node.

This means that any Node must have:

- 1. One front panel "Sub-net" switch.
- 2. One front panel "Universe" switch for each implemented DMX512 input or output.

#### **Operation**

All UDP packets accepted by the Node conform to the Art-Net protocol specification as defined below. Any other packets are ignored.

#### ArtPoll:

Implemen	ntation	
Entity	Direction	Action
Server	Receive	Send ArtPollReply.
	Private Transmit	Server transmits this packet to a specific Server or
		Node IP address when a single device response is required.
	Broadcast	Server broadcasts this packet to poll all Servers and Nodes on the network.
Node	Receive	Send ArtPollReply.
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.
Media	Receive	Send ArtPollReply.
Server	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.

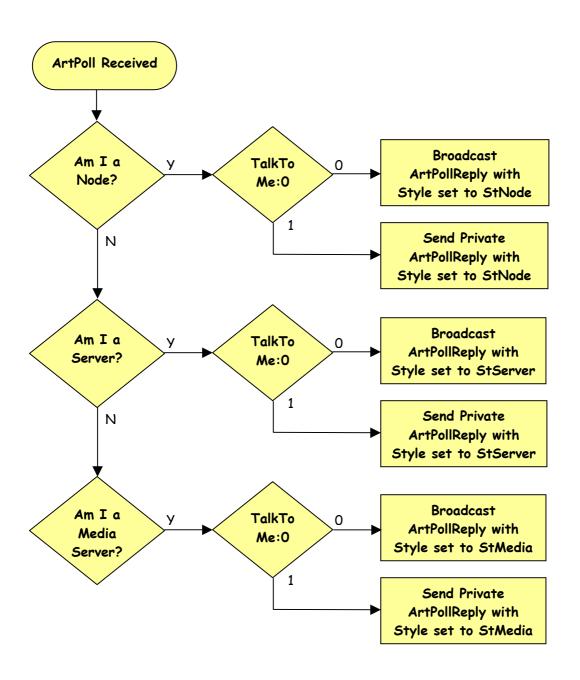
The ArtPoll packet is used to discover the presence of other Servers, Nodes and Media Servers. The ArtPoll packet is only sent by a Server. Both Servers and Nodes respond to the packet.

A Server broadcasts an ArtPoll packet to IP address 2.255.255.255 (sub-net mask 255.0.0.0) at UDP port 0x1936. This is the limited broadcast address:

The Server initially broadcasts ArtPoll in order to discover the presence of other Servers and Nodes on the network. The Server can then choose whether to continue using broadcast, or communicate privately with the detected network devices. (ArtPollReply includes the replier's IP address).

The Server may assume a maximum timeout of 3 seconds between sending ArtPoll and receiving all ArtPollReply packets.

The Server that broadcasts an ArtPoll should also reply to it's own message with an ArtPollReply. This ensures that any other Servers listening to the network will detect all devices without the need for all Servers connected to the network to send ArtPoll packets.



ArtPoll				
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination. Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' $0 \times 00$
2	OpCode	Int 16	-	The OpCode defines the class of data following ArtPoll within this UDP packet. Transmitted low byte first. See Table 1 for the OpCode listing. Set to OpPoll.
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number.
4	ProtVer	Int8	-	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number. Current value 14. Servers should ignore communication with nodes using a protocol version lower than 14.
5	TalkToMe	Int8	-	Set behaviour of Node
			7-2	Unused, transmit as zero, do not test upon receipt.
			1	0 = Only send ArtPollReply in response to an ArtPoll or ArtAddress.
				1 = Send ArtPollReply whenever Node conditions change. This selection allows the Server to be informed of changes without the need to continuously poll.
			0	0 = Broadcast all further ArtPollReplys.
				1 = Send all future ArtPollReplys to the sender of this packet.
6	Pad	Int8	-	Filler byte to make packet length even.

# Table 1 - OpCodes:

The following table details the legal OpCode values used in Art-Net packets:

Opcodes		
Name	Value	Definition
OpPoll	0×2000	This is an ArtPoll packet, no other data is contained in this UDP packet.
OpPollReply	0×2100	This is an ArtPollReply Packet. It contains device status information.
OpOutput	0×5000	This is an ArtDmx data packet. It contains DMX512 information for a single Universe.
OpAddress	0×6000	This is an ArtAddress packet. It contains remote programming information for a Node.
OpInput	0×7000	This is an ArtInput packet. It contains enable – disable data for DMX inputs.
OpTodRequest	0x8000	This is an ArtTodRequest packet. It is used to request a Table of Devices (ToD) for RDM discovery.
OpTodData	0×8100	This is an ArtTodData packet. It is used to send a Table of Devices (ToD) for RDM discovery.
OpTodControl	0x8200	This is an ArtTodControl packet. It is used to send RDM discovery control messages.
OpRdm	0×8300	This is an ArtRdm packet. It is used to send all non discovery RDM messages.
OpVideoSetup	0xa010	This is an ArtVideoSetup packet. It contains video screen setup information for nodes that implement the extended video features.
OpVideoPalette	0×α020	This is an ArtVideoPalette packet. It contains colour palette setup information for nodes that implement the extended video features.
OpVideoData	0×α040	This is an ArtVideoData packet. It contains display data for nodes that implement the extended video features.

Opcodes		
Name	Value	Definition
OpMacMaster	0xf000	This is an ArtMacMaster packet. It is used to program the Node's MAC address, Oem device type and ESTA manufacturer code. This is for factory initialisation of a Node. It is not to be used by applications.
OpMacSlave	0×f100	This is an ArtMacSlave packet. It is returned by the node to acknowledge receipt of an ArtMacMaster packet.
OpFirmwareMaster	0×f200	This is an ArtFirmwareMaster packet. It is used to upload new firmware or firmware extensions to the Node.
OpFirmwareReply	0xf300	This is an ArtFirmwareReply packet. It is returned by the node to acknowledge receipt of an ArtFirmwareMaster packet.
OpIpProg	0xf800	This is an ArtIpProg packet. It is used to reprogramme the IP, Mask and Port address of the Node.
OpIpProgReply	0×f900	This is an ArtIpProgReply packet. It is returned by the node to acknowledge receipt of an ArtIpProg packet.
OpMedia	0×9000	This is an ArtMedia packet. It is Unicast by a Media Server and acted upon by a Server.
OpMediaPatch	0x9100	This is an ArtMediaPatch packet. It is Unicast by a Server and acted upon by a Media Server.
OpMediaControl	0x9200	This is an ArtMediaControl packet. It is Unicast by a Server and acted upon by a Media Server.
OpMediaContrlReply	0×9300	This is an ArtMediaControlReply packet. It is Unicast by a Media Server and acted upon by a Server.

## Table 2 - OemCode:

The following table details the registered OEM codes. The OEM code defines a specific manufacturer's product type. The OemCode is returned in the ArtPollReply:

Value	Manufacturer	Product	Notes	RDM
0x000	Artistic	DMX-Hub	4× DMX in, 4× DMX out	×
0	Licence			
0x0001	ADB	Netgate	4x DMX in, 4x DMX out	x
0x000 2	MA Lighting	DMX-Hub	4x DMX in, 4x DMX out	×
0x000 3	Artistic Licence	Ether-Lynx	2x DMX in, 4x DMX out	✓
0x000 4	LewLight	Capture v2	TBA	×
0x000 5	High End	TBA	TBA	×
0x000 6	Avolites	TBA	TBA	×
0x0010	Artistic Licence	Down-Lynx	2x DMX out. Wall Panel.	×
0x0011	Artistic Licence	Up-Lynx	2× DMX in. Wall Panel.	×
0x0014	Artistic Licence	Net-Lynx O/P	2x DMX out. Boxed Product.	×
0x0015	Artistic Licence	Net-Lynx I/P	2x DMX in. Boxed Product.	×
0x003 0	Doug Fleenor Design	TBA	2x DMX out.	×
0x0031	Doug Fleenor Design	TBA	2x DMX in.	×
0x005 0	Goddard Design	DMX-Link ™ O/P	2x DMX out.	×
0×0051	Goddard Design	DMX-Link ™ I/P	2x DMX in.	×
0x007 0	ADB	Net-Port O/P	2x DMX out.	×
0x0071	ADB	Net-Port I/P	2x DMX in.	×
0×007 2- 0×007f	ADB	Reserved		
0x008c	Zero 88	TBA	2x DMX out.	×
0x008d	Zero 88	TBA	2x DMX in.	×
0x008e	Flying Pig	TBA	2x DMX out.	×
0x008f	Flying Pig	TBA	2x DMX in.	×
0x009 0	ELC	ELC 2	2x DMX out.	×

0×0091	ELC	ELC 4	4x DMX in. 4x DMX out.	×
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Dx0180   Martin   Maxxyz   4x DMX in. 4x DMX out.   ★	Value	Manufacturer	Product	Notes	RDM
Ox019f	0×0180	Martin	Maxxyz	4x DMX in. 4x DMX out.	×
Ox01a0   TES	0x0190	Enttec	Reserved		
Ox01a0   TES	-				
Dx01a1   IES		TCC	DDV	1 NAV in 1 NAV aut	<b>V</b>
Dx01a2   IES					
Dx01a3					
Ox01af	0x01a2	IES	Matrix	2 x DMX in. 2 x DMX out.	*
DX01b0   EDI	0x01a3	IES	Reserved		
DX01b0   EDI	- 001 - (				
Ox01c  Ox01c  OpenLux		FDT	Edia	4x DMX in 4x DMX out	*
Enterprises   Ox01d0   Green Hippo   Hippotizer   Emulates 1x DMX in.   x			3		*
0x01d0         Green Hippo         Hippotizer         Emulates 1x DMX in.         ★           0x01e0         VNR         Merger-Booster         4x DMX in. 4x DMX out.         ★           0x01f0         Robe         ILE         1x DMX in. 1x DMX out.         ★           0x01f1         Robe         ILE Controller         4x DMX in. 4x DMX out.         ★           0x0210         Artistic         Down-Lynx         2x DMX out. Wall Panel.         ★           0x0211         Artistic         Up-Lynx RDM         2x DMX in. Wall Panel.         ★           0x0214         Artistic         Net-Lynx O/P         2x DMX out. Boxed Product.         ★           0x0215         Artistic         Net-Lynx I/P         2x DMX in. Boxed Product.         ★           0x023         Doug Fleenor         TBA         2x DMX out.         ★           0x0231         Doug Fleenor         TBA         2x DMX in.         ★           0x0251         Goddard         DMX-Link TM         2x DMX out.         ★           0x0251         Goddard         DMX-Link TM         2x DMX in.         ★           0x0271         ADB         Net-Port O/P         2x DMX out.         ★           0x0271         ADB         Net-Port I/P <td>OXOICO</td> <td></td> <td>OpenLux</td> <td>TA DMA III. TA DMA 001.</td> <td></td>	OXOICO		OpenLux	TA DMA III. TA DMA 001.	
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Booster	0x01e0	VNR	Merger-	4x DMX in. 4x DMX out.	*
Ox01f1 Robe ILE Controller 4x DMX in. 4x DMX out.  Ox0210 Artistic Licence RDM  Ox0211 Artistic Licence  Ox0214 Artistic Licence  Ox0215 Artistic Licence RDM  Ox0215 Artistic Licence RDM  Ox0216 Artistic Licence RDM  Ox0217 Artistic Net-Lynx O/P RDM  Ox0218 Doug Fleenor Design  Ox0231 Doug Fleenor Design  Ox0231 Doug Fleenor Design  Ox0231 Design  Ox0231 Design  Ox0231 Design  Ox0251 Goddard DMX-Link ™ 2x DMX in.  Ox025 Goddard DMX-Link ™ 2x DMX out.  Ox025 Goddard DMX-Link ™ 2x DMX in.  Ox025 Goddard DMX-Link ™ 2x DMX in.  Ox027 ADB Net-Port O/P 2x DMX out.  Ox027 ADB Net-Port I/P 2x DMX in.  Ox028 LSC Down-Lynx 2x DMX out.			_		
Ox0210 Artistic Licence  Ox0211 Artistic Licence  Ox0214 Artistic Licence  Ox0215 Artistic Licence  Ox0215 Artistic Licence  Ox0216 Artistic Licence  Ox0217 Artistic Licence  Ox0217 ADB  Ox027 ADB  Ox027 ADB  Ox028 LSC  Ox028 LSC  Ox028 Down-Lynx  Down	0x01f0	Robe	ILE	1x DMX in. 1x DMX out.	*
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0x0211       Artistic Licence       Up-Lynx RDM       2x DMX in. Wall Panel.       ✓         0x0214       Artistic Licence       Net-Lynx O/P RDM       2x DMX out. Boxed Product.       ✓         0x0215       Artistic Licence       Net-Lynx I/P RDM       2x DMX in. Boxed Product.       ✓         0x023       Doug Fleenor Design       TBA       2x DMX out.       ✓         0x0231       Doug Fleenor Design       TBA       2x DMX in.       ✓         0x025       Goddard DMX-Link TM Design       2x DMX out.       ✓         0x0251       Goddard DMX-Link TM Design       2x DMX in.       ✓         0x027       ADB Net-Port O/P 2x DMX out.       ✓         0x027       ADB Net-Port I/P 2x DMX in.       ✓         0x027       ADB Net-Port I/P 2x DMX in.       ✓         0x028       LSC Down-Lynx 2x DMX out.       ✓	0x0210	Artistic	Down-Lynx	2× DMX out. Wall Panel.	✓
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0         Design           0x0231         Doug Fleenor Design         TBA         2x DMX in.         ✓           0x025         Goddard DMX-Link ™ 2x DMX out.         ✓         ✓           0x0251         Goddard DMX-Link ™ 2x DMX in.         ✓           0x0251         Goddard DMX-Link ™ 2x DMX in.         ✓           0x027         ADB		Licence	RDM		
0x0231         Doug Fleenor Design         TBA         2x DMX in.         ✓           0x025         Goddard DMX-Link ™ O/P         2x DMX out.         ✓           0x0251         Goddard DMX-Link ™ I/P         2x DMX in.         ✓           0x0271         ADB ADB Net-Port O/P         2x DMX out.         ✓           0x0271         ADB Net-Port I/P         2x DMX in.         ✓           0x028         LSC Down-Lynx         2x DMX out.         ✓		_	TBA	2x DMX out.	✓
0x0251         Goddard O/P         DMX-Link ™ 2x DMX out.         ✓           0         Design O/P         O/P         ✓           0x0251         Goddard DMX-Link ™ 2x DMX in.         ✓           0x027         ADB Net-Port O/P         2x DMX out.         ✓           0x0271         ADB Net-Port I/P         2x DMX in.         ✓           0x028         LSC Down-Lynx         2x DMX out.         ✓		_	TDA	2., NAV in	
0x025         Goddard         DMX-Link ™         2x DMX out.           0         Design         O/P           0x0251         Goddard DMX-Link ™         2x DMX in.           Design         I/P           0x027         ADB         Net-Port O/P         2x DMX out.           0         Net-Port I/P         2x DMX in.         ✓           0x0271         ADB         Net-Port I/P         2x DMX in.         ✓           0x028         LSC         Down-Lynx         2x DMX out.         ✓	UXU231	9	IBA	2x DMX In.	•
0x0251         Goddard DMX-Link ™ I/P         2x DMX in.         ✓           0x027         ADB         Net-Port O/P         2x DMX out.         ✓           0x0271         ADB         Net-Port I/P         2x DMX in.         ✓           0x0271         ADB         Net-Port I/P         2x DMX in.         ✓           0x028         LSC         Down-Lynx         2x DMX out.         ✓	0x025		DMX-Link ™	2x DMX out.	✓
Design         I/P           0x027 ADB 0         Net-Port O/P 2x DMX out.           0x0271 ADB         Net-Port I/P 2x DMX in.           0x028 LSC Down-Lynx 0         2x DMX out.	0	Design	O/P		
0x027         ADB         Net-Port O/P         2x DMX out.         ✓           0x0271         ADB         Net-Port I/P         2x DMX in.         ✓           0x028         LSC         Down-Lynx         2x DMX out.         ✓	0x0251			2x DMX in.	✓
0         0           0x0271 ADB         Net-Port I/P         2x DMX in.           0x028 LSC         Down-Lynx         2x DMX out.	0027			2 NAV	
0x0271         ADB         Net-Port I/P         2x DMX in.         ✓           0x028         LSC         Down-Lynx         2x DMX out.         ✓		ADR	Net-Port U/P	ZX DMX OUT.	•
0x028 LSC Down-Lynx 2x DMX out.   ✓		ADB	Net-Port I/P	2x DMX in.	✓
0				2x DMX out.	<b>✓</b>
0x0281 LSC Up-Lynx 2x DMX in. ✓				300000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	0x0281	LSC	Up-Lynx	2x DMX in.	✓

Value	Manufacturer	Product	Notes	RDM
0x030	Golden Stage	DMX-net/O	2x DMX out.	×
0				
0×0301	Golden Stage	DMX-net/I	2x DMX in.	×
0x030	Golden Stage	Reserved		×
3 -				
0x030f				
0x800	ADB	Netgate XT	Video output and trigger inputs	×
0				
0×8001	Artistic	Net-Patch	TBA	
	Licence			
0×800	Artistic	DMX-Hub XT	Video output and trigger inputs	×
2	Licence			
0x800	Artistic	Four-Play	Real time data record - playback	×
3	Licence			
0x00ff			Development code. Not to be	
			used in production products.	

#### <u>Table 3 - NodeReport Codes:</u>

The following table details the NodeReport codes. The NodeReport code defines generic error, advisory and status messages for both Nodes and Servers. The NodeReport is returned in both the ArtPollReply and ArtPollServerReply:

Code	Mnemonic	Description		
0x0000	RcDebug	Booted in debug mode (Only used in development)		
0x0001	RcPowerOk	Power On Tests successful		
0x0002	RcPowerFail	Hardware tests failed at Power On		
0x0003	RcSocketWr1	Last UDP from Node failed due to truncated length,		
		Most likely caused by a collision.		
0x0004	RcParseFail	Unable to identify last UDP transmission. Check		
		OpCode and packet length.		
0x0005	RcUdpFail	Unable to open Udp Socket in last transmission		
		attempt		
0x0006	RcShNameOk	Confirms that Short Name programming via		
		ArtAddress, was successful.		
0x0007	RcLoNameOk	Confirms that Long Name programming via		
		ArtAddress, was successful.		
0x0008	RcDmxError	DMX512 receive errors detected.		
0x0009	RcDmxUdpFull	Ran out of internal DMX transmit buffers.		
0x000a	RcDmxRxFull	Ran out of internal DMX Rx buffers.		
0x000b	RcSwitchErr	Rx Universe switches conflict.		
0x000c	RcConfigErr	Product configuration does not match firmware.		
0x000d	RcDmxShort	DMX output short detected. See GoodOutput field.		
0x000e	RcFirmwareFail	Last attempt to upload new firmware failed.		
0x000f	RcUserFail	User changed switch settings when address locked by		
		remote programming. User changes ignored.		

# Table 4 - Style Codes:

The following table details the Style codes. The Style code defines the general functionality of a Server. The Style code is returned in ArtPollReply.

Code	Mnemonic	Description
0x00	StNode	A DMX to / from Art-Net device
0x01	StServer	A lighting console.
0x02	StMedia	A Media Server.
0x03	StRoute	A network routing device.
0x04	StBackup	A backup device.
0x05	StConfig	A configuration or diagnostic tool.

#### ArtPollReply:

Implemen	Implementation					
Entity	Direction	Action				
All	Receive	No Art-Net action.				
devices	Private Transmit	Transmits this packet to a specific Server IP address, in response to an ArtPoll, if the TalkToMe field is '1'.				
	Broadcast	Broadcasts this packet in response to an ArtPoll if the TalkToMe field is '0'.				

A device, in response to a Server's ArtPoll, sends the ArtPollReply. The 'TalkToMe' field in the ArtPoll packet can modify this default mode of operation. This packet is also broadcast by all Art-Net devices on power up.

ArtPol	ArtPollReply ArtPollReply						
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description			
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination.  Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0x00			
2	OpCode	Int16	-	OpPollReply Transmitted low byte first.			
3	IP Address[4]	Int8	-	Array containing the Node's IP address. First array entry is most significant byte of address.			
4	Port	Int16	-	The Port is always 0x1936 Transmitted low byte first.			
5	VersInfoH	Int8	-	High byte of Node's firmware revision number. The Server should only use this field to decide if a firmware update should proceed. The convention is that a higher number is a more recent release of firmware.			
6	VersInfo	Int8	-	Low byte of Node's firmware revision number.			
7	SubSwitchH	Int8	-	The high byte of the Node's Subnet Address. This field is currently unused and set to zero. It is provided to allow future expansion.			
8	SubSwitch	Int8	-	The low byte of the Node's Sub-net Address. This is the variable that addresses a Node within Art-Net. In the Ether-Lynx and Netgate products, the front panel Sub-net 'switch' sets this field.			

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description		
9	OemHi	Int8	-	The high byte of the Oem value.		
10	Oem	Int8	-	The low byte of the Oem value. The Oem word describes the equipment vendor and the feature set available. Bit 15 high indicates extended features available. Current registered codes are defined in Table 2.		
11	Ubea Version	Int8	-	This field contains the firmware version of the User Bios Extension Area (UBEA). If the UBEA is not programmed, this field contains zero.		
12	Status	Int8	-	General Status register containing bit fields as follows.		
			7-6	Indicator state.		
				00 Indicator state unknown.		
				01 Indicators in Locate Mode.		
				10 Indicators in Mute Mode.		
				11 Indicators in Normal Mode.		
			5-4	Universe Address Programming Authority		
				OO Universe Programming Authority unknown.		
				01 Set by front panel controls.		
				10 Programmed by network.		
				11 Not used.		
			3	Not implemented, transmit as zero, receivers do not test.		
				2	2	2
		1				
			1	0 = Not capable of Remote Device Management (RDM).		
				1 = Capable of Remote Device Management (RDM).		
			0	O = UBEA not present or corrupt		
				1 = UBEA present		

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description
13	EstaMan	Int16	-	The ESTA manufacturer code. These codes are used to represent equipment manufacturer. They are assigned by ESTA. This field can be interpreted as two ASCII bytes representing the manufacturer initials.
14	ShortName [18]	Int8	-	The array represents a null terminated short name for the Node. The Server uses the ArtAddress packet to program this string. Max length is 17 characters plus the null. This is a fixed length field, although the string it contains can be shorter than the field.
15	LongName [64]	Int8	-	The array represents a null terminated long name for the Node. The Server uses the ArtAddress packet to program this string. Max length is 63 characters plus the null. This is a fixed length field, although the string it contains can be shorter than the field.
16	NodeReport [64]	Int8	-	The array is a textual report of the Node's operating status or operational errors. It is primarily intended for 'engineering' data rather than 'end user' data. The field is formatted as: "#xxxx [yyyy] zzzzz" xxxx is a hex status code as defined in Table 3. yyyy is a decimal counter that increments every time the Node sends an ArtPollResponse that is not responding to an ArtPoll.  This allows the server to monitor event changes in the Node. zzzz is an English text string defining the status.  This is a fixed length field, although the string it contains can be shorter than the field.

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description
17	NumPortsH	Int8	-	The high byte of the word describing the number of input or output ports. The high byte is for future expansion and is currently zero.
18	NumPorts	Int8	-	The low byte of the word describing the number of input or output ports. If number of inputs is not equal to number of outputs, the largest value is taken. Zero is an illegal value. The maximum value is 4.
19	PortTypes [4]	Int8	-	This array defines the operation and protocol of each channel. (Ether-Lynx example = 0xc0, 0xc0, 0xc0, 0xc0). The array length is fixed, independent of the number of inputs or outputs physically available on the Node.
			7	Set is this channel can output data from the Art-Net Network.
			6	Set if this channel can input onto the Art- NetNetwork.
			5-0	00000 = DMX512 00001 = MIDI 00010 = Avab 00011 = Colortran CMX
				00100 = ADB 62.5 00101 = Art-Net
20	GoodInput [4]	Int8	-	This array defines input status of the node.
			7	Set - Data received.
			6	Set - Channel includes DMX512 test packets.
			5	Set - Channel includes DMX512 SIP's.
			4	Set - Channel includes DMX512 text packets.
			3	Set - Input is disabled.
			2	Set - Receive errors detected.
			1-0	Unused and transmitted as zero.
21	GoodOutput [4]	Int8	-	This array defines output status of the node.
			7	Set - Data is being transmitted.
			6	Set - Channel includes DMX512 test packets.
			5	Set - Channel includes DMX512 SIP's.
			4	Set - Channel includes DMX512 text packets.
			3	Set - Output is merging ArtNet data.
			2	Set - DMX output short detected on power
			1	Set - Merge Mode is LTP.
			0	Unused and transmitted as zero.
			U	Onused and Transmitted as Zero.

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description
22	Swin [4]	Int8	1	This array defines the 8 bit Universe address of the available input channels. In DMX-Hub and Netgate, the high nibble is identical to the data held in the low nibble of Subswitch. The low nibble corresponds to the front panel selector for each channel.
23	Swout [4]	Int8	1	This array defines the 8 bit Universe address of the available output channels. In DMX-Hub and Netgate, the high nibble is identical to the data held in the low nibble of Subswitch. The low nibble corresponds to the front panel selector for each channel.
24	SwVideo	Int8	-	Set to 00 when video display is showing local data. Set to 01 when video is showing ethernet data.
25	SwMacro	Int8	-	If the Node supports macro key inputs, this byte represents the trigger values. The Node is responsible for 'debouncing' inputs. When the ArtPollReply is set to transmit automatically, (TalkToMe Bit 1), the ArtPollReply will be sent on both key down and key up events. However, the Server should not assume that only one bit position has changed.  The Macro inputs are used for remote event triggering or cueing.  Bit fields are active high.
			7 6	Set - Macro 8 active. Set - Macro 7 active.
			5	Set - Macro 6 active.
			4	Set - Macro 5 active.
			3	Set - Macro 4 active.
			2	Set - Macro 3 active.
			1	Set - Macro 2 active.
			0	Set - Macro 1 active.

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description
26	SwRemote	Int8	-	If the Node supports remote trigger inputs,
				this byte represents the trigger values. The
				Node is responsible for 'debouncing' inputs.
				When the ArtPollReply is set to transmit
				automatically, (TalkToMe Bit 1), the
				ArtPollReply will be sent on both key down
				and key up events. However, the Server
				should not assume that only one bit position
				has changed.
				The Remote inputs are used for remote event
				triggering or cueing.
				Bit fields are active high.
			7	Set - Remote 8 active.
			6	Set - Remote 7 active.
			5	Set - Remote 6 active.
			4	Set - Remote 5 active.
			3	Set - Remote 4 active.
			2	Set - Remote 3 active.
			1	Set - Remote 2 active.
			0	Set - Remote 1 active.
27	Spare	Int8		Not used, set to zero
28	Spare	Int8		Not used, set to zero
29	Spare	Int8		Not used, set to zero
30	Style	Int8		The Style code defines the equipment style
				of the device. See Table 4 for current Style
				codes.
31	MAC Hi	Int8		MAC Address Hi Byte. Set to zero if node
				cannot supply this information.
32	MAC	Int8		MAC Address
33	MAC	Int8		MAC Address
34	MAC	Int8		MAC Address
35	MAC	Int8		MAC Address
36	MAC Lo	Int8		MAC Address Lo Byte
37	Filler	32 x		Transmit as zero. For future expansion.
		8		

#### ArtIpProg:

Implementation					
Entity	Direction	Action			
Server	Receive	No Action.			
	Private Transmit	Server transmits to a specific node IP address.			
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.			
Node	Receive	Reply with ArtIpProgReply.			
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.			
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.			
Media	Receive	Reply with ArtIpProgReply.			
Server	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.			
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.			

The ArtIpProg packet allows the IP settings of a Node to be reprogrammed.

The ArtIpProg packet is sent by a Server to the private address of a Node. If the Node supports remote programming of IP address, it will respond with an ArtIpProgReply packet.

In all scenarios, the ArtIpProgReply is sent to the private address of the sender.

ArtIpP	ArtIpProg						
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description			
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination. Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' $0 \times 00$			
2	OpCode	Int16	1	OpIpProg Transmitted low byte first.			
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number.			
4	ProtVer	Int8	1	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number. Current value 14			
5	Filler1	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.			
6	Filler2	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.			

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description
7	Command	Int8	-	Action this packet as follows:
			-	Defines the how this packet is processed. If all
				bits are clear, this is an enquiry only.
			7	Set to enable any programming.
			6-4	Not used, transmit as zero
			3	Set to return all three parameters to default
			2	Program IP Address
			1	Program Subnet Mask
			0	Program Port
8	Filler4	Int8		Set to zero. Pads data structure for word
				alignment.
9	ProgIpHi	Int8		IP Address to be programmed into Node if
				enabled by Command Field
10	ProgIp2	Int8		
11	ProgIp1	Int8		
12	ProgIpLo	Int8		
13	ProgSmHi	Int8		Subnet mask to be programmed into Node if
				enabled by Command Field
14	ProgSm2	Int8		
15	ProgSm1	Int8		
16	ProgSmLo	Int8		
17	ProgPort	Int8		PortAddress to be programmed into Node if
	Hi			enabled by Command Field
18	ProgPort Lo	Int8		
19	Spare1	Int8		Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
20	Spare2	Int8		Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
21	Spare3	Int8		Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
22	Spare4	Int8		Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
23	Spare5	Int8		Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
24	Spare6	Int8		Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
25	Spare7	Int8		Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
26	Spare8	Int8		Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.

#### <u>ArtIpProgReply:</u>

Impleme	Implementation					
Entity	Direction	ction Action				
Server	Receive	No Action.				
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.				
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.				
Node	Receive	No Action.				
	Private Transmit	Transmits to specific Server IP address.				
Broadcast		Not Allowed.				
Media	Receive	No Action				
Server	Private Transmit	Transmits to specific Server IP address.				
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.				

The ArtIpProgReply packet is issued by a Node in response to an ArtIpProg packet.

Nodes that do not supports remote programming of IP address do not reply to ArtIpProg packets.

In all scenarios, the ArtIpProgReply is sent to the private address of the sender.

<b>ArtIpP</b>	ArtIpProgReply					
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description		
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination. Value = $'A'$ 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0x00		
2	OpCode	Int16	-	OpIpProgReply Transmitted low byte first.		
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number.		
4	ProtVer	Int8	-	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number. Current value 14		
5	Filler1	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.		
6	Filler2	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.		
7	Filler3	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtIpProg.		
8	Filler4	Int8		Pad length to match ArtIpProg.		

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description
9	ProgIpHi	Int8		IP Address of Node.
10	ProgIp2	Int8		
11	ProgIp1	Int8		
12	ProgIpLo	Int8		
13	ProgSmHi	Int8		Subnet mask of Node.
14	ProgSm2	Int8		
15	ProgSm1	Int8		
16	ProgSmLo	Int8		
17	ProgPort	Int8		Port Address of Node.
	Hi			
18	ProgPort	Int8		
	Lo			
19	Spare1	Int8		Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
20	Spare2	Int8		Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
21	Spare3	Int8		Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
22	Spare4	Int8		Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
23	Spare5	Int8		Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
24	Spare6	Int8		Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
25	Spare7	Int8		Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
26	Spare8	Int8		Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.

## IP Address Override:

All Art-Net compatible devices provide a temporary override facility that defeats any non-standard IP address programming.

Setting the Sub-Net switch and all available Universe switches to 'F' enables IP override. In IP override mode, the Node ignores all parameters programmed by  $ArtIpProg\ commands$ .

#### <u>ArtAddress:</u>

Implemen	Implementation					
Entity	Direction	Action				
Server	Receive	No Action.				
	Private Transmit	Server transmits to a specific node IP address.				
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.				
Node	Receive	Reply with ArtPollReply.				
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.				
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.				
Media	Receive	Reply with ArtPollReply.				
Server	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.				
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.				

A Server or monitoring device on the network can reprogram numerous controls of a node remotely. This, for example, would allow the lighting console to re-route DMX512 data at remote locations. This is achieved by sending an ArtAddress packet to the Node's IP address. (The IP address is returned in the ArtPoll packet). The node replies with an ArtPollReply packet.

Fields 7 to 13 contain the data that will be programmed into the node.

ArtAdo	Art Address Art Address					
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description		
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination.  Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0x00		
2	OpCode	Int16	-	OpAddress Transmitted low byte first.		
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number.		
4	ProtVer	Int8	-	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number. Current value 14		
5	Filler1	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.		
6	Filler2	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.		

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description
7	Short Name [18]	Int8	-	The array represents a null terminated short name for the Node. The Server uses the ArtAddress packet to program this string. Max length is 17 characters plus the null. The Node will ignore this value if the string is null. This is a fixed length field, although the string it contains can be shorter than the field.
8	Long Name [64]	Int8	-	The array represents a null terminated long name for the Node. The Server uses the ArtAddress packet to program this string. Max length is 63 characters plus the null. The Node will ignore this value if the string is null.  This is a fixed length field, although the string it contains can be shorter than the field.
9	Swin [4]	Int8	-	This array defines the low nibble of the Universe address for the available input channels. This corresponds to the front panel selector for each channel. This value is ignored unless bit 7 is high. i.e. to program a switch to value 0x07, send the value as 0x87.  Send 0x00 to reset this value to the physical switch setting.  Use value 0x7f for no change.
10	Swout [4]	Int8	-	This array defines the low nibble of the Universe address for the available output channels. This corresponds to the front panel selector for each channel. This value is ignored unless bit 7 is high. i.e. to program a switch to value 0x07, send the value as 0x87.  Send 0x00 to reset this value to the physical switch setting.  Use value 0x7f for no change.
11	SubSwitc h	Int8	-	The low nibble of the Node's Sub-net Address. This is the variable that addresses a Node within Art-Net. This is the DMX-Hub Sub-net switch. This value is ignored unless bit 7 is high. i.e. to program a switch to value 0x07, send the value as 0x87.  Send 0x00 to reset this value to the physical switch setting.  Use value 0x7f for no change.

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Descrip	tion			
12	SwVideo	Int8	-	Reserve	Reserved.			
13	Command	Int8	-	Node co	onfiguration commo	ands:		
				Value	Mnemonic	Action		
				0x00	AcNone	No action		
				0x01	AcCancelMerge	If Node is currently in merge mode, cancel merge mode upon receipt of next ArtDmx packet. See discussion of merge mode operation.		
				0x02	AcLedNormal	The front panel indicators of the Node operate normally.		
						0×03	AcLedMute	The front panel indicators of the Node are disabled and switched off.
				0x04	AcLedLocate	Rapid flashing of the Node's front panel indicators. It is intended as an outlet locator for large installations.		
					0x05	AcResetRxFlag s	Resets the Node's Sip, Text, Test and data error flags. If an output short is being flagged, forces the test to re-run.	

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Descrip	tion	
13	Command	Int8	-		•	ands: Note that Ltp /
cont/					3	tained by the node
					power cycling.	4 11
				Value	Mnemonic	Action
				0×10	AcMergeLtp0	Set DMX Port 0 to
						Merge in LTP mode.
				0×11	AcMergeLtp1	Set DMX Port 1 to
				0x12	4 - 44 - m   + m - 2	Merge in LTP mode.  Set DMX Port 2 to
				UXIZ	AcMergeLtp2	
				0×13	AcMergeLtp3	Merge in LTP mode.  Set DMX Port 3 to
				UXIS	Acmergelips	Merge in LTP mode.
				0×50	AcMergeHtp0	Set DMX Port 0 to
				0230	Acmergerripo	Merge in HTP
						(default) mode.
				0x51	AcMergeHtp1	Set DMX Port 1 to
					J,	Merge in HTP
						(default) mode.
				0x52	AcMergeHtp2	Set DMX Port 2 to
						Merge in HTP
						(default) mode.
				0x53	AcMergeHtp3	Set DMX Port 3 to
						Merge in HTP
						(default) mode.
				0x90	AcClearOp0	Clear DMX Output
						buffer for Port O
				0×91	AcClearOp1	Clear DMX Output
						buffer for Port 1
				0x92	AcClearOp2	Clear DMX Output
						buffer for Port 2
				0x93	AcClearOp3	Clear DMX Output
						buffer for Port 3

#### ArtDmx:

Implementation					
Entity	Direction	Action			
Server	Receive	No Action.			
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.			
	Broadcast	Server broadcasts its real time data (Console output).			
Node	Receive	No Action			
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.			
	Broadcast	Node broadcasts its real time data.			
Media	Receive	No Action			
Server	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.			
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.			

ArtDmx is the data packet used to transfer DMX512 data. The format is identical for Node to Server, Node to Node and Server to Node.

The Node will always transmit ArtDmx on the broadcast address. This ensures that peer to peer operation can always occur, even when the network contains a server.

Consider for example, an installation with a single lighting console (Server) and two Ether-Lynx (Nodes). The Server would poll the Nodes at power on to identify their IP addresses. From this point onwards the Server can then conduct private communication with each Node. However, in order to use the Nodes to transfer data from Node to Node or to add a second Server to the network, the Nodes must broadcast the DMX data.

The Data is output through the DMX O/P port corresponding to the Universe setting. In the absence of received ArtDmx packets, each DMX O/P port re-transmits the same frame continuously.

The first complete DMX frame received at each input port is placed in an ArtDmx packet as above and broadcast as an ArtDmx packet containing the relevant Universe parameter. Each subsequent DMX frame containing **new data** (different length or different contents) is placed is also broadcast as an ArtDmx packet.

Nodes do not broadcast ArtDmx for DMX512 inputs that have not received data since power on.

However, an input that is active but not changing, will re-broadcast the last valid ArtDmx packet at approximately 4-second intervals.

A DMX input that fails, will not continue to send ArtDmx data.

ArtDm	×			
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination.  Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0x00
2	OpCode	Int16	-	OpOutput Transmitted low byte first.
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number.
4	ProtVer	Int8	-	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number. Current value 14
5	Sequence	Int8	-	The sequence number is used to ensure that ArtDmx packets are used in the correct order. When Art-Net is carried over a medium such as the Internet, it is possible that ArtDmx packets will reach the receiver out of order. This field is incremented in the range 0x01 to 0xff to allow the receiving node to resequence packets.  The Sequence field is set to 0x00 to disable this feature.
6	Physical	Int8	-	The physical input port from which DMX512 data was input. This field is for information only. Use Universe for data routing.
7	Universe	Int16	-	The high byte is currently set to zero. The low byte is the address of this Universe of data. In DMX-Hub, the high nibble is the Sub-net switch and the low Nibble is the Universe address switch. Transmitted low byte first.
8	LengthHi	Int8	-	The length of the DMX512 data array. This value should be an even number in the range 2 - 512. It represents the number of DMX512 channels received.  High Byte.
9	Length	Int8	-	The length of the DMX512 data array. This value should be an even number in the range 2 - 512. It represents the number of DMX512 channels received.  Low Byte.
10	Data [Length]	Int8	-	An array of DMX512 lighting data.

#### Refresh Rate:

The ArtDmx packet is intended to transfer DMX512 data. For this reason, the ArtDmx packet for a specific IP Address should not be transmitted at a repeat rate faster than the maximum repeat rate of a DMX packet containing 512 data slots.

#### Data Merging:

The Art-Net protocol allows multiple nodes or servers to transmit ArtDmx data to the same universe

A node can detect this situation by comparing the IP addresses of received ArtDmx packets. If ArtDmx packets addressed to the same Universe are received from different IP addresses, a potential conflict exists.

The Node can legitimately handle this situation using one of two methods:

- 1. Consider this to be an error condition and await user intervention.
- 2. Automatically merge the data.

Nodes should document the approach that is implemented in the product user guide. The Merge option is preferred as it provides a higher level of functionality.

Merge is implemented in either LTP or HTP mode as specified by the ArtAddress packet.

Merge mode is implemented as follows:

- If ArtDmx is received from differing IP addresses, the data is HTP merged to the DMX output. In this situation, ArtPollReply-GoodOutput-Bit3 is set. If Art-Poll-TalkToMe Bit 1 is set, an ArtPollReply should be transmitted when merging commences.
- 2. Exit from Merge mode is handled as follows:
  - If ArtAddress AcCancelMerge is received, the Next ArtDmx message received ends Merge mode. The Node then discards any ArtDmx packets received from an IP address that does not match the IP address of the ArtDmx packet that terminated Merge mode.
  - If either (but not both) sources of ArtDmx stop, the failed source is held in the merge buffer for 10 seconds. If, during the 10 second timeout, the failed source returns, Merge mode continues. If the failed source does not recover, at the end of the timeout period, the Node exits Merge mode.
  - If both sources of ArtDmx fail, the output holds the last merge result.

Merging is limited to two sources, any additional sources will be ignored by the Node.

The Merge implementation allows for the following two key modes of operation.

- 1. <u>Combined Control:</u> Two Servers (Consoles) can operate on a network and merge data to multiple Nodes.
- 2. <u>Backup:</u> One Server (Console) can monitor the network for a failure of the primary Server. If a failure occurs, it can use the *ArtAddress AcCancelMerge* command to take instant control of the network.

When a node provides multiple DMX512 inputs, it is the responsibility of the Node to handle merging of data. This is because the Node will have only one IP address. If this were not handled at the Node, ArtDmx packets with identical IP addresses and identical universe numbers, but conflicting level data would be transmitted to the network.

### <u>ArtInput:</u>

Implemen	Implementation				
Entity	Direction	Action			
Server	Receive	No Action.			
	Private Transmit	Server transmits to a specific node IP address.			
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.			
Node	Receive	Reply with ArtPollReply.			
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.			
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.			
Media	Receive	Reply with ArtPollReply.			
Server	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.			
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.			

A Server or monitoring device on the network can enable or disable individual DMX512 inputs on any of the network nodes. This allows the Server to directly control network traffic and ensures that unused inputs are disabled and therefore not wasting bandwidth.

All nodes power on with all inputs enabled.

Caution should be exercised when implementing this function in the server. Keep in mind that some network traffic may be operating on a node to node basis.

ArtInp	ArtInput Control of the Control of t					
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description		
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination.  Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0x00		
2	OpCode	Int16	-	OpInput Transmitted low byte first.		
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number.		
4	ProtVer	Int8	-	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number. Current value 14		
5	Filler1	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.		
6	Filler2	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.		
7	NumPorts H	Int8	-	The high byte of the word describing the number of input or output ports. The high byte is for future expansion and is currently zero.		

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description
8	NumPorts	Int8	-	The low byte of the word describing the number of input or output ports. If number of inputs is not equal to number of outputs, the largest value is taken. Zero is an illegal value. The maximum
9	Input [4]	Int8	-	value is 4.  This array defines input disable status of each channel. (DMX-Hub example = 0x01, 0x00, 0x01, 0x00 to disable first and third inputs)
			7-1	Not currently used
			0	Set to disable this input.

### Firmware and UBEA upgrades:

This section defines the packets used to send firmware revisions to a node. In all instances, communication is private. Under no circumstances should the broadcast address be used.

The transaction involves the server sending multiple ArtFirmwareMaster packets to a Node's IP address. Each packet is acknowledged by the Node with an ArtFirmwareReply.

The server allows a 20 second maximum delay for reception of the ArtFirmwareReply. If the reply is not received in this time, the server aborts the transaction. The large time period is to allow for Nodes that are writing directly to slow non-volatile memory.

The Node allows a 20 second delay between sending an ArtFirmwareReply and receipt of the next consecutive ArtFirmwareMaster. If the next consecutive block is not received within this time, the Node aborts the transaction. In this instance the Node returns to it's previous operating system and sets ArtPollReply->Status and ArtPollReply ->NodeReport accordingly.

The firmware update file contains a header that defines the Node OEM values that are valid for this update. The Server must check this value before sending to a Node. The Node also checks this data on receipt of the first packet. If the Node receives a packet with an invalid code, it sends an error response.

The UBEA is the User Bios Expansion Area. This is a limited firmware upload mechanism that allows third party firmware extensions to be added to a Node.

Manufacturers who implement this feature must document the software interface requirements.

### ArtFirmwareMaster:

Implemen	Implementation				
Entity	Direction	Action			
Server	Receive	No Action.			
	Private Transmit	Server transmits to a specific node IP address.			
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.			
Node	Receive	Reply with OpFirmwareReply.			
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.			
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.			
Media	Receive	Reply with OpFirmwareReply.			
Server	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.			
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.			

ArtFir	ArtFirmwareMaster							
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Descri	otion			
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array o	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination.  Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0x00			
2	OpCode	Int16	-		nwareMaster. nitted low byt	e first.		
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High by		t-Net protocol revision		
4	ProtVer	Int8	-		te of the Art r. Current valu	-Net protocol revision ue 14		
5	Filler1	Int8	-	Pad len	gth to match	ArtPoll.		
6	Filler2	Int8	-	Pad len	gth to match	ArtPoll.		
7	Туре	Int8	-	Define	s the packet (	contents as follows:		
				Value	Mnemonic	Function		
				0x00	FirmFirst	The first packet of a firmware upload.		
				0x01	FirmCont	A consecutive continuation packet of a firmware upload.		
				0x02	FirmLast	The last packet of a firmware upload.		
				0x03	UbeaFirst	The first packet of a UBEA upload.		
				0x04	UbeaCont	A consecutive continuation packet of a UBEA upload.		
				0x05	UbeaLast	The last packet of a UBEA upload.		
8	BlockId	Int8	-	Counts the consecutive blocks of firmware upload. Starting at 0x00 for the FirmFirst or UbeaFirst				
9	Firmware Length3	Int8	-	packet.  The total number of words (Int32) in the firmware upload plus the firmware header size. Eg a 32K word upload plus 530 words of header information == 0x00008212. This value is also the file size (in words) of the file to be uploaded.				
10	Firmware Length2	Int8	-					
11	Firmware Length1	Int8	-					
12	Firmware Length0	Int8	-	LSB				
13	Spare[20]	Int8	-	Server	sets to zero,	Node does not test.		
14	Data[512]	Int16	-	block.	The order is he	the firmware or UBEA data ni byte first. The is data is manufacturer		

# <u>ArtFirmwareReply</u>:

Implemen	Implementation				
Entity	Direction	Action			
Server	Receive	Send next OpFirmwareMaster.			
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.			
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.			
Node	Receive	No Action.			
	Private Transmit	Node transmits to a specific Server IP address.			
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.			
Media	Receive	No Action.			
Server	Private Transmit	Node transmits to a specific Server IP address.			
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.			

This packet is sent by the Node to the Server in acknowledgement of each OpFirmwareMaster packet.

ArtFir	ArtFirmwareReply							
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Descri	Description			
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array o	of 8 characte	rs, the final character is a null		
				termina				
				Value =	'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N'	'e' 't' 0x00		
2	OpCode	Int16	-	•	wareReply.			
				Transm	nitted low byt	e first.		
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High by	yte of the Ar	t-Net protocol revision		
				number	<b>'</b> .			
4	ProtVer	Int8	-			-Net protocol revision		
					r. Current valu			
5	Filler1	Int8	-	Pad len	gth to match	ArtPoll.		
6	Filler2	Int8	-	Pad len	gth to match	ArtPoll.		
7	Туре	Int8	-	Defines the packet contents as follows. Codes are				
				used fo	used for both firmware and UBEA.			
				Value	Mnemonic	Function		
				0x00	FirmBlock	Last packet received		
					Good	successfully.		
				0×01	FirmAll	All firmware received		
					Good	successfully.		
				0xff	FirmFail	Firmware upload failed. (All		
						error conditions).		
8	Spare[21]	Int8	-	Node s	ets to zero, S	Server does not test.		

# Firmware File Format:

All firmware and UBEA upload files should be of the following format.

The firmware file extension is .alf.

The UBEA file extension is .alu.

Byte	Name	Description
1	ChecksumHi	This is a 16 bit, one's compliment checksum of the firmware
		data area.
2	ChecksumLo	LSB of above
3	VersInfoHi	High byte of Node's firmware revision number. The Server should only use this field to decide if a firmware update should proceed. The convention is that a higher number is a more recent release of firmware.
4	VersInfoLo	LSB of above
5-34	UserName	30 byte field of user name information. This information is not checked by the Node. It is purely for display by the Server. It should contain a human readable description of file and version number. Whilst this is a fixed length field, it must contain a null termination.
35- 546	Oem[256]	An array of 256 words. Each word is hi byte first and represents an Oem code for which this file is valid. Unused entries must be filled with 0xffff.
547- 1056	Spare[254]	An array of 254 words. Currently unused and should be set to zero.
1057	Length3	The total length in words of the firmware information following this field.
1058	Length2	
1059	Length1	
1060	Length0	LSB
1061	Data[]	The firmware data as an array of 16 bit values ordered hi byte first. The actual data is manufacturer specific.

### **RDM Support:**

This section defines the packet structure used to gate the Remote Device Management (RDM) protocol across Art-Net. It is assumed that the reader is familiar with the RDM document.

Art-Net devices support RDM as follows:

- 1. All RDM discovery commands are proxied; Art-Net devices hold local RDM device lists and conduct their own discovery.
- 2. All RDM Get / Set commands are non-proxied; they are passed to end devices for response.

This document defines the following terms:

Input Gateway: A device that inputs DMX512 onto the Art-Net network (e.g. Up-Lynx).

**Output Gateway:** A device that outputs DMX512 from the Art-Net network (e.g. Down-Lynx)

**Table of Devices (TOD):** The list of RDM devices maintained by both Input and Output Gateways.

### **RDM** Discovery

### Output Gateway Operation

Output Gateways perform RDM discovery independent of network operation. This includes full discovery upon power-on and incremental discovery as a background task. The Output Gateway informs the network about its TOD as follows:

- 1. Upon receipt of an ArtTodRequest packet, the Output Gateway broadcasts an ArtTodData packet containing the entire TOD. All Input Gateways parse the ArtTodData packets. If the Sub-Net and Universe fields match, the Input Gateway adds the TOD contents to their own internal TOD. This allows Input Gateways to respond to any RDM discovery commands they receive.
- 2. Upon completion of initial RDM discovery, Output Gateways broadcast their TOD in an ArtTodData packet.
- 3. When an RDM device is added to or removed from the Output Gateway's TOD (during incremental discovery), an ArtTodData packet is broadcast automatically.

### **Input Gateway Operation**

Input Gateways generate a TOD by monitoring Art-Net traffic. The TOD is then used to reply to RDM discovery commands by proxy. Operation is as follows:

- 1. Upon power-on, Input Gateways broadcast an ArtTodRequest packet.
- 2. The network is monitored for ArtTodData packets. If the Sub-Net and Universe fields match, the Input Gateway adds the TOD contents to its own internal TOD. This allows Input Gateways to respond to any RDM discovery commands they receive.
- 3. Input Gateways do not transmit any RDM discovery messages to the network.

### Server Operation

Servers emulate the operation of Input Gateways.

### <u>ArtTodRequest</u>:

This packet is used to request the Table of RDM Devices (TOD). A Node receiving this packet must not interpret it as forcing full discovery. Full discovery is only initiated at power on or when an ArtTodControl.AtcFlush is received.

Implement	Implementation						
Entity	Direction	Action					
Server	Receive	No Action.					
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.					
	Broadcast	Server broadcasts to all nodes.					
Node	Receive	Reply with ArtTodData.					
Output Private Gateway Transmit	Not Allowed.						
,	Broadcast	Not Allowed.					
Node	Receive	No Action.					
Input Gateway	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.					
,	Broadcast	Input Gateway broadcasts to all nodes.					
Media	Receive	No Action.					
Server	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.					
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.					

ArtToo	ArtTodRequest					
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description		
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination.  Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0x00		
2	OpCode	Int16	-	OpTodRequest. Transmitted low byte first.		
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number.		
4	ProtVer	Int8	-	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number. Current value 14		
5	Filler1	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.		
6	Filler2	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.		

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Descrip	tion	
7	Spare1	Int8	-	Transmi	t as zero, receiver	rs don't test.
8	Spare2	Int8	-	Transmi	t as zero, receiver	rs don't test.
9	Spare3	Int8	-	Transmi	t as zero, receiver	rs don't test.
10	Spare4	Int8	-	Transmi	t as zero, receiver	rs don't test.
11	Spare5	Int8	-	Transmi	t as zero, receiver	rs don't test.
12	Spare6	Int8	-	Transmi	t as zero, receiver	rs don't test.
13	Spare7	Int8	-	Transmi	t as zero, receiver	rs don't test.
14	Spare8	Int8	-	Transmi	t as zero, receiver	rs don't test.
15	Command	Int8	-			
				Value	Mnemonic	Function
				0x00	TodFull	Send the entire TOD.
16	AdCount	Int8	-	The array size of the Address field. Max value is 32.		
17	Address [AdCount]	Int8	-	This array defines the 8 bit Universe address of the Output Gateway nodes that must respond to this packet. The high nibble is the Sub-Net switch. The low nibble corresponds to the Universe.		

## ArtTodData:

Implemen	Implementation					
Entity	Direction	Action				
Server	Receive	No Action.				
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.				
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.				
Node	Receive	No Action.				
Output	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.				
Gatewa	Broadcast	Output Gateway always broadcasts this packet.				
У						
Node	Receive	No Action.				
Input	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.				
Gatewa	Broadcast	Not Allowed.				
У						
Media	Receive	No Action.				
Server	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.				
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.				

ArtToo	lData			
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination.  Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0x00
2	OpCode	Int16	-	OpTodData. Transmitted low byte first.
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number.
4	ProtVer	Int8	-	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number. Current value 14
5	Filler1	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.
6	Port	Int8	-	Physical Port. Range 1-4.
7	Spare1	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
8	Spare2	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
9	Spare3	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
10	Spare4	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
11	Spare5	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
12	Spare6	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
13	Spare7	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
14	Spare8	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Descrip	tion	
15	Command Response	Int8	-	TodFull discover	command should y. The TodAdd o ds should be use	ents as follows. The be used with full RDM and TodSubtract d with incremental
				Value	Mnemonic	Function
				0x00	TodFull	The packet contains the entire TOD or is the first packet in a sequence of packets that contains the entire TOD.
				0xff	TodNak	The TOD is not available.
16	Address	Int8	-	Gateway The high	DMX Port that	ess of the Output generated this packet. ub-Net switch. The low e Universe.
17	UidTotalHi	Int8	-	The total		M devices discovered by
18	UidTotalLo	Int8	-			
19	BlockCount	Int8	-	exceeds used. Bl packet,	: 200, multiple Al ockCount is set t and incremented	s packet. When UidTotal rtTodData packets are to zero for the first for each subsequent of TOD information.
20	UidCount	Int8	-		nber of UIDs end the index of the	coded in this packet. following array.
21	TOD [UidCount]	48 bit	-		y of RDM UID.	·

# $\underline{\textit{ArtTodControl}}:$

Implemen	ntation	
Entity	Direction	Action
Server	Receive	No Action.
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.
	Broadcast	Server broadcasts to all nodes.
Node	Receive	Reply with ArtTodData.
Output	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.
Gatewa	Broadcast	Not Allowed.
У		
Node	Receive	No Action.
Input	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.
Gatewa	Broadcast	Input Gateway broadcasts to all nodes.
У		
Media	Receive	No Action.
Server	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.

The ArtTodControl packet is used to send RDM control parameters over Art-Net. The response is ArtTodData.

ArtTodControl					
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description	
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null	
				termination.	
				Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0x00	
2	OpCode	Int16	-	OpTodControl.	
				Transmitted low byte first.	
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision	
				number.	
4	ProtVer	Int8	-	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision	
				number. Current value 14	
5	Filler1	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.	
6	Filler2	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.	
7	Spare1	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.	
8	Spare2	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.	
9	Spare3	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.	
10	Spare4	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.	
11	Spare5	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.	
12	Spare6	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.	
13	Spare7	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.	
14	Spare8	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.	

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description			
15	Command	Int8	-	Defines	Defines the packet action.		
				Value	Mnemonic	Function	
				0x00	AtcNone	No action.	
				0×01	AtcFlush	The node flushes it's TOD and instigates full discovery.	
16	Address	Int8	-	The 8 bit Universe address of the DMX Port			
				that sho	ould action thi	s command.	

# <u>ArtRdm</u>:

Implemen	Implementation					
Entity	Direction	Action				
Server	Receive	No Action.				
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.				
	Broadcast	Server broadcasts to all nodes.				
Node	Receive	No Action				
Output	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.				
Gatewa	Broadcast	Node broadcasts to all.				
У						
Node	Receive	No Action.				
Input	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.				
Gatewa	Broadcast	Node broadcasts to all.				
У						
Media	Receive	No Action.				
Server	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.				
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.				

The ArtRdm packet is used to transport all non-discovery RDM messages over Art-Net.

ArtRdr	n			
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination.  Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0x00
2	OpCode	Int16	-	OpRdm. Transmitted low byte first.
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number.
4	ProtVer	Int8	-	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number. Current value 14
5	Filler1	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.
6	Filler2	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.
7	Spare1	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
8	Spare2	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
9	Spare3	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
10	Spare4	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
11	Spare5	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
12	Spare6	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
13	Spare7	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.
14	Spare8	Int8	-	Transmit as zero, receivers don't test.

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Descrip	tion	
15	Command	Int8	-	Defines	the packet a	ction.
				Value	Mnemonic	Function
				0x00	ArProcess	Process RDM Packet.
16	Address	Int8	-	The 8 bit Universe address of the DMX Port that should action this command.		
17	RdmPacket	Int8 [Vari]	-	The RD	M data packet	including the StartCode.

# Display of status:

Most Art-Net compliant equipment will provide some level of status indication. The following format is suggested:

Jame	Anemonic	Colour	<sup>;</sup> unction		
'ower	'ow	≀ed	Normally on, flashes if fault detected.		
Communicatio	Com	1mber	On if any Art-	Net packets detected on	
1			letwork, time	out after 6 seconds.	
)MX512	>MX ×	ireen	)MX Input	In if good DMX received,	
				ilashing if errors detected.	
				Alternative Start Codes are	
				iot errors!	
			)MX Output	In if receiving ArtDmx for	
				his output. Timeout after 6	
				econds.	

## **Data Integrity:**

	•			
Art-Not	receivere	chould	chack	two items:

- □ Compare the ID[8] field
- □ Check packet length is 'greater than or equal to' the specification length. Do not make an 'equal to' test, as packet lengths may increase in future revisions to the specification.

### Extended Features:

Nodes that implement the extended video features use the following data structures. These features are primarily intended for implementation of remote video repeater monitors for lighting consoles. They are not part of the Media Extensions.

### <u>ArtVideoSetup:</u>

Implemen	Implementation				
Entity	Direction	Action			
Server	Receive	No Action.			
	Private Transmit	Server transmits to a specific node IP address.			
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.			
Node	Receive	Reply with ArtPollReply.			
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.			
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.			
Media	Receive	No Action.			
Server	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.			
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.			

A Server or monitoring device on the network can remotely configure the video output of a node that supports video output. All nodes supporting this feature should power on with network video disabled. Due to buffer size constraints, a maximum of 63 fonts may be programmed in one packet. This means that it is necessary to send four separate packets to redefine the entire font map.

ArtVid	<u>eoSetup</u>			
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination.  Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0x00
2	OpCode	Int16	-	OpVideoSetup Transmitted low byte first.
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number.
4	ProtVer	Int8	-	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number. Current value 14
5	Filler1	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.
6	Filler2	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.
7	Filler3	Int8	-	Reserved. Transmit as zero.
8	Filler4	Int8	-	Reserved. Transmit as zero.

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description
9	Control Int8		-	
			7-1	Not currently used
				Set to enable network video. Clear to return video control to node's local control.
10	FontHeight	Int8	-	Set the number of scan lines to be used by each character. This also indirectly sets the total number of text lines that are visible. Supported values are 8-16 inclusive.
11	FirstFont	Int8	-	The number (0-255) of the first font to be reprogrammed.
12	LastFont	Int8	-	The total number (1-63) of fonts to be reprogrammed. Set to zero to inhibit font reprogramming.
13	WinFont Name[64]	Int8	-	The name of the nearest matching Windows font. This is used by network data monitors to improve the readability of emulated video displays. The string is null terminated. Set to a null string to disable this feature.
14	FontData[]	Int8	-	Array of font data. The size is FontHeight*FontRange. The data structure is identical to that required by PC Bios call used for font reprogramming.

## <u>ArtVideoPalette:</u>

Implemen	Implementation						
Entity	Direction	Action					
Server	Receive	No Action.					
	Private Transmit	Server transmits to a specific node IP address.					
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.					
Node	Receive	Reply with ArtPollReply.					
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.					
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.					
Media	Receive	No Action.					
Server	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.					
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.					

A Server or monitoring device on the network can remotely configure the video output colour palette of a node that supports video output. All nodes supporting this feature should power on with network video disabled.

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination.  Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0×00
2	OpCode	Int16	-	OpVideoPalette Transmitted low byte first.
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number.
4	ProtVer	Int8	-	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number. Current value 14
5	Filler1	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.
6	Filler2	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.
7	ColourRed [17]	Int8	-	Each array entry is in the range 0-0x3f. This array defines the amount of red in each of the 17 available colours.
8	ColourGre en[17]	Int8	-	Each array entry is in the range 0-0x3f. This array defines the amount of green in each of the 17 available colours.
9	ColourBlue [17]	Int8	-	Each array entry is in the range 0-0x3f. This array defines the amount of blue in each of the 17 available colours.

### <u>ArtVideoData:</u>

Impleme	Implementation						
Entity	Direction	Action					
Server	Receive	No Action.					
	Private Transmit	Server transmits to a specific node IP address.					
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.					
Node	Receive	Reply with ArtPollReply.					
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.					
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.					
Media	Receive	No Action.					
Server	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.					
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.					

This packet is used to send test video data to the node. Start position and size parameters are included to allow partial screen updates.

Due to buffer size constraints, a maximum of one quarter screen may be programmed in one packet. This means that it is necessary to send four separate packets to refresh the entire screen.

Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null
				termination.
				Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0x00
2	OpCode	Int16	-	OpVideoData.
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number.
4	ProtVer	Int8	-	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision
				number. Current value 14
5	Filler1	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.
6	Filler2	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.
7	PosX	Int8	-	The start column of the text update. Range 0 - 79.
8	PosY	Int8	-	The start row of the text update. Range 0 - 49.
9	LenX	Int8	-	The number of columns to update. Value = (End Column) - PosX.
10	Leny	Int8	-	The number of rows to update. Value = (End Row) - PosY.
11	Data[]	Int16	-	Array of text starting top left of text area and
				working left to right, then top to bottom. High
				byte is ASCII character. Low byte is VGA
				attribute byte.

#### Media Extensions Art-Net mx

The Media Extensions packets are used to control the streaming of data from media servers.

This is primarily aimed at the routing of video data over Art-Net for post processing by a lighting controller or pseudo video wall controller.

The Server uses ArtPoll to detect the existence of Media Servers on the network. It then interrogates the Media Server, using ArtMediaControl, to find it's capabilities.

The Server is responsible for sending patch information to the Media Server using the ArtMediaPatch packet. This consists of a list of virtual coordinates that define the video pixel positions that the Server requires to be streamed. In most instances, these virtual coordinates will be scaled to a video image by the Media Server. Other implementations are also possible, for example, by relating the coordinates to positions on an audio spectrum analyser.

The Server can send virtual patch information at any time, it is not limited to setup and configuration. This allows the Server to perform split screen effects in real time. The Server also sends 'transport' commands for start, stop etc using ArtMediaControl.

The Media Server is responsible for streaming the required media data using the ArtMedia packet. Note that this packet is always Unicast. This allows the use of a 100/10BaseT Switch to segment the Server area of the network from the Node area.

### ArtMedia:

Impleme	Implementation					
Entity	Direction Action					
Server	Receive	Use data as required. No response required				
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.				
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.				
Node	Receive	No Action.				
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.				
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.				
Media	Receive	No Action.				
Server	Private Transmit	Media Server streams data in Unicast.				
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.				

The ArtMedia packet is used to stream visual information on the network. The primary purpose is to allow a Media Server to send data to a Lighting Server that represents the requested RGB value for a video pixel. The coordinates of each video pixel are set using the ArtMediaPatch packet.

The ArtMedia packet contains packed, run length encoded data. The Media Server only transmits this packet when a change of source data occurs.

Multiple packets may be sent when the number of pixel changes exceeds the maximum that can be carried by in a single packet.

Implementers are encouraged to make the maximum use of the global commands and run length encoding in order to conserve bandwidth.

ArtMe	ArtMedia					
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description		
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination.  Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0x00		
2	OpCode	Int16	-	OpMedia Transmitted low byte first.		
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number.		
4	ProtVer	Int8	-	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number. Current value 14		
5	Filler1	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.		
6	Filler2	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.		
7	Filler3	Int8	-	Reserved. Transmit as zero.		
8	Filler4	Int8	-	Reserved. Transmit as zero.		
9	Stream	Int8	-	Video stream number. Each scream is allocated a patch.		
10	Command	Int8	-	See Table 5		

11	ComData1	Int8	-	Red
12	ComData2	Int8	-	Green
13	ComData3	Int8	-	Blue
14	Pack[]	6×Int8	-	Variable length array as defined below. At least one entry exists as Pack[]- >LampHi==0xff terminates the list. Max number of entries is 240.

ArtMed	ArtMedia->Pack						
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description			
1	LampHi	Int8	-	The Lamp Index defined in the ArtMediaPatch table. Set to 0xff to define end of list.			
2	LampLo	Int8	1	Low byte of above.			
3	Count	Int8	-	Number of consecutive triplets. 1 = Set this Lamp number to red, green, blue value. 2 = Set this Lamp and also next consecutive Lamp Number to red, green, blue value. Zero value not allowed.			
4	Red	Int8	-	Red data value.			
5	Green	Int8	-	Green data value.			
6	Blue	Int8	-	Blue data value.			

# Table 5 - Command Codes for ArtMedia:

These codes are used in the ArtMedia packet to provide global commands.

Code	Mnemonic	Description
0x00	MedComStd	No global commands, parse Pack[] for data.
0×01	MedComLev	Set all pixels to RGB combination in ComData1-3. Then parse Pack[] as normal.
		parse rack[] as normal.

### ArtMediaPatch:

Impleme	Implementation						
Entity	Direction	Action					
Server	Receive	No Action					
	Private Transmit	Server sends multiple packets to Media Server, so					
		defining pixel list.					
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.					
Node Receive No Action		No Action.					
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.					
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.					
Media	Receive	Parse data and add to list. Respond with					
Server		ArtMediaControlReply					
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed					
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.					

The ArtMediaPatch packet is used to configure the MediaServer. It contains a packed list of virtual screen coordinates. This list defines the position of the pixel that will be streamed using the ArtMedia packet.

The ArtMediaPacket can be sent at any time in order to implement real time effects such as zoom.

Multiple packets may be sent when the number of pixel coordinates exceeds the maximum that can be carried by in a single packet.

Implementers are encouraged to make the maximum use of the global commands and run length encoding in order to conserve bandwidth.

ArtMe	<b>ArtMediaPatch</b>							
Field	Name	Size	Description					
1	ID[8]	Int8	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination.  Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0x00					
2	OpCode	Int16	OpMediaPatch Transmitted low byte first.					
3	ProtVerH	Int8	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number.					
4	ProtVer	Int8	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number. Current value 14					
5	Filler1	Int8	Pad length to match ArtPoll.					
6	Filler2	Int8	Pad length to match ArtPoll.					
7	Filler3	Int8	Reserved. Transmit as zero.					
8	Filler4	Int8	Reserved. Transmit as zero.					
9	Stream	Int8	Video stream number. Each scream is allocated a patch.					
10	PatchCommand	Int8	See Table 6					

11	VirtualDeltaXHi	Int8	Maximum width used in Coord[]
12	VirtualDeltaXLo	Int8	Low byte of above
13	VirtualDeltaYHi	Int8	Maximum height used in Coord[]
14	VirtualDeltaYLo	Int8	Low byte of above
15	CoordCountHi	Int8	Total number of coordinates in list. This is not necessarily the array size of Coord[] as multiple packets can be used to build the list. The MediaServer uses this value to allocate the memory storage. If this value changes between packets, the MediaServer can assume a soft reset and clear the list.
16	CoordCountLo	Int8	Low byte of above
17	Aperture	Int8	The equation used to generate the average pixel colour.
18	Diameter	Int8	The diameter of the circle or rectangle around the pixel that is used to average the colour value.
19	Coord[]	6×Int8	Variable length array as defined below. At least one entry exists as Coord[]->LampHi==0xff terminates the list.  The Index of this array is used by ArtMedia->LampHi/Lo.  Max number of entries is 240.

ArtMe	ArtMedia->Coord					
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description		
1	LampHi	Int8	-	The Lamp Index defined in the ArtMedia table.		
2	LampLo	Int16	-	Low byte of above.		
3	XHi	Int8	-	The X ordinate of this pixel.		
4	XLo	Int8	-	Low byte of above		
5	Yhi	Int8	-	The Y ordinate of this pixel.		
6	Ylo	Int8	-	Low byte of above		

# <u>Table 6 - Command Codes for ArtMediaPatch:</u>

These codes are used in the ArtMediaPatch packet to provide global commands.

Code	Mnemonic	Description
0x00	MedPatchStd	No global commands, parse Coord[] for data.
0x01	MedPatchRes	Clear entire coordinate list.

# <u>ArtMediaControl:</u>

Impleme	Implementation						
Entity	Direction	Action					
Server	Receive	No Action.					
	Private Transmit	Server sends packet to Media Server to control video					
		and or request information.					
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.					
Node	Receive	No Action.					
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.					
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.					
Media	Receive	Parse data and add to list. Respond with					
Server		ArtMediaControlReply					
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed					
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.					

The ArtMediaControl packet is used to remote control the Media Server and also retrieve information from the Media Server.

ArtMe	ArtMediaControl						
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description			
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination.  Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0x00			
2	OpCode	Int16	-	OpMediaControl Transmitted low byte first.			
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number.			
4	ProtVer	Int8	-	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision number. Current value 14			
5	Filler1	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.			
6	Filler2	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.			
7	Filler3	Int8	-	Reserved. Transmit as zero.			
8	Filler4	Int8	-	Reserved. Transmit as zero.			
9	Stream	Int8	-	Video stream number. Each scream is allocated a patch.			
10	CtrlCommand	Int8	-	See Table 7			
11	ComData1	Int8	-	Data depends on content of above field			
12	ComData2	Int8	-	"			
13	ComData3	Int8	-	"			
14	ComData4	Int8	-	"			
15	ComData5	Int8	-	"			
16	ComData6	Int8	-	"			

# $\underline{\textbf{Table 7-CtrlCommand Codes for ArtMediaControl:}}$

These codes are used in the ArtMedia packet to provide global commands.

Code	Mnemonic	Description				
0x00	MccNone	There is no ex	plicit command.			
0x01	MccSelectClip	Select the active Clip. The Clip number meaning is				
		manufacturer specific. It can be a video file for				
		• •	effects macro to be applied to live			
			media and stop.			
		ComData1	High byte of clip number.			
		ComData2	Low byte of clip number.			
		ComData3	1 = Stream one frame. 0 = quiet change.			
		ComData4	=0			
		ComData5	=0			
		ComData6	=0			
0x02	MccStop	Stop streamin	g. Freeze live image.			
		ComData1	1 = Rewind to start. 0 = hold position.			
		ComData2	=0			
		ComData3	=0			
		ComData4	=0			
		ComData5	=0			
		ComData6	=0			
0x03	MccPlay	Start streaming from current position in video. If				
			g, ignore. If frozen, thaw.			
		ComData1	Direction. 1 = Rev. 0 = Fwd.			
		ComData2	=0			
		ComData3	=0			
		ComData4	=0			
		ComData5	=0			
		ComData6	=0			
0x04	MccGoto		. Search to specified position. Stream			
			position out of range, goto end of media.			
		ComData1	= Days (0-255) or FrameNumberHi			
		ComData2	= Hours (0-23) or FrameNumber3			
		ComData3	= Minutes (0-59) or FrameNumber2			
		ComData4	= Seconds (0-59) or FrameNumber1			
		ComData5	= Frames or FrameNumberLo			
		ComData6	Time code mode:			
			0 = frame number			
			1 = 24 fps (Film) timecode			
			2 = 25 fps (EBU) timecode			
			3 = 29.97 fps (DF) timecode			
			4 = 30 fps (SMPTE) timecode			

0x05	MccTranScan	Start playback	k fwd from current position dropping				
ONOS	Meerranean		es. Alternatively, freeze video and				
			ame every 'X' video frames.				
		ComData1	Direction, 1 = Rev. 0 = Fwd.				
		ComData2	Number of frames to drop.				
		ComData3	=0				
		ComData4	=0				
		ComData5	=0				
		ComData6	=0				
0x06	MccGetClip	Send reply or	multiple replies containing text name of				
	Name	• •	2 8 for data format.				
		ComData1	ClipNumberHi				
_		ComData2	ClipNumberLo				
		ComData3	Multiple:				
			0 = send name of clip defined above.				
			1 = send names of all clips available in				
			this stream.				
			2 = send names of all clips for all				
			streams.				
		ComData4	=0				
		ComData5	=0				
		ComData6	=0				
0x07	MccGetStream Name	• •	Send reply or multiple replies containing text name of stream. See Table 8 for data format.				
		ComData1	Multiple:				
			0 = send name of this stream.				
			1 = send names of all streams.				
		ComData2	=0				
		ComData3	=0				
		ComData4	=0				
		ComData5	=0				
		ComData6	=0				
0x07	MccGetModel Name		ntaining text name of model of Media should be human readable. See Table 8				
		ComData1	Multiple:				
		Comparai	0 = send name of this stream.				
			1 = send names of all streams.				
		ComData2	=0				
		ComData3	=0				
		ComData4	=0				
		ComData5	=0				
		ComData6	=0				

## ArtMediaControlReply:

Implemen	Implementation					
Entity	Direction	Action				
Server	Receive	No Action.				
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed				
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.				
Node	Receive	No Action.				
	Private Transmit	Not Allowed.				
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.				
Media	Receive	No Action				
Server	Private Transmit	Server sends packet to Media Server to control video				
		and or request information.				
	Broadcast	Not Allowed.				

The ArtMediaControlReply packet is used by a Media Server in reply to ArtMediaControl. The packet is also sent by the Media Server on power on or reset and when any relevant data is changed by user input to the media server such as a clip name change or transport control change.

ArtMe	ArtMediaControlReply						
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description			
1	ID[8]	Int8	-	Array of 8 characters, the final character is a null termination.			
				Value = 'A' 'r' 't' '-' 'N' 'e' 't' 0x00			
2	OpCode	Int16	-	OpMediaControl			
				Transmitted low byte first.			
3	ProtVerH	Int8	-	High byte of the Art-Net protocol revision			
				number.			
4	ProtVer	Int8	-	Low byte of the Art-Net protocol revision			
				number. Current value 14			
5	Filler1	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.			
6	Filler2	Int8	-	Pad length to match ArtPoll.			
7	Filler3	Int8	-	Reserved. Transmit as zero.			
8	Filler4	Int8	-	Reserved. Transmit as zero.			
9	Stream	Int8	-	Video stream number.			
11	MaxClipsHi	Int8	-	The maximum number of clips available per			
				stream			
12	MaxClipsLo	Int8	-	n			

ArtMe	ArtMediaControlReply					
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description		
13	TcDay	Int8	-	Current position of media.		
				Days (0-255) or FrameNumberHi		
14	TcHour	Int8	-	Hours (0-23) or FrameNumber3		
15	TcMinute	Int8	-	Minutes (0-59) or FrameNumber2		
16	TcSecond	Int8	-	Seconds (0-59) or FrameNumber1		
17	TcFrames	Int8	-	Frames or FrameNumberLo		
18	TcMode	Int8	-	Defines the time code data required for		
				position commands and also the format of		
10	C1 1 .1	Int8		the above fields.		
19	Status1	TULR	-	Status of the playback stream		
			7	1 = playing. 0 = stop. (1 = thaw. 0 = freeze)		
			6	1 = scan fwd. 0 = not scanning.		
			5	1 = scan rev. 0 = not scanning		
			4	1 = end of media reached		
			3	=0		
			2	=0		
			1	=0		
			0	=0		
20	Status2	Int8	-	=0		
21	Status3	Int8	-	=0		
22	Status4	Int8	-	=0		
23	Data[128]	1-128		Content defined by CtrlCommand. See		
				Tables 7 & 8.		

# <u>Table 8 - ArtMediaControlReply->Data format:</u>

The format of the Data field is defined by CtrlCommand. See Table 7. The field is variable length from 1 to 128. If the field is not required, the length is 1 byte. This entry is then set to MccNone.

ArtMe	ArtMediaControlReply->Data						
CtrlCor	CtrlCommand == MccGetClipName						
Field	Field Name Size Bit Description						
1	CtrlCommand	Int8	-	Command to which this packet replies.			
2	Stream	Int8	-	Stream Number to which name refers.			
3	ClipHi	Int8		Clip Number to which name refers.			
4	ClipLo	Int8	-	=0			
5	Aux4	Int8	-	=0			
6	Aux3	Int8	-	=0			
7	Aux2	Int8	-	=0			
8	Aux1	Int8	-	=0			

9-128 Text Int8 -	Requested text in null terminated ASCI	I.
-------------------	--	----

ArtMediaControlReply->Data							
CtrlCommand == MccGetStreamName							
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description			
1	CtrlCommand	Int8	-	Command to which this packet replies.			
2	Stream	Int8	-	Stream number			
3	Aux6	Int8	-	=0			
4	Aux5	Int8	-	=0			
5	Aux4	Int8	-	=0			
6	Aux3	Int8	-	=0			
7	Aux2	Int8	-	=0			
8	Aux1	Int8	-	=0			
9-128	Text	Int8	-	Requested text in null terminated ASCII.			

ArtMediaControlReply->Data								
CtrlCor	CtrlCommand == MccGetModelName							
Field	Name	Size	Bit	Description				
1	CtrlCommand	Int8	-	Command to which this packet replies.				
2	Aux7	Int8	-	=0				
3	Aux6	Int8	-	=0				
4	Aux5	Int8	-	=0				
5	Aux4	Int8	-	=0				
6	Aux3	Int8	-	=0				
7	Aux2	Int8	-	=0				
8	Aux1	Int8	-	=0				
9-128	Text	Int8	-	Requested text in null terminated ASCII.				

### Art-Net Viewer:

The Art-New viewer software is available free of charge from the Artistic Licence web site. The software allows a total of six nodes to be interrogated and configured.

The software has been tested on all five Windows platforms. The software is intended for developers. Please use DMX-Workshop for network administration and configuration.

### Installation:

To install, please download the file and execute in a new folder. This will decompress the installation files. Next, run the setup.exe file.

After installation, confirm that:

- 1. You have a 10BaseT Ethernet card installed.
- 2. The PC's IP address is set to either:
  - 2.0.0.1 or
  - 10.0.0.1
- 3. The PC's sub-net mask is set to 255.0.0.0.

If you need to change the IP or sub-net settings of the PC, you should then re-boot. You will require a cross-wired (red) RJ45 cable to connect the PC directly to the DMX-Hub. If using an Ethernet Hub to allow connection of several DMX-Hubs, you will require straight wired (yellow) RJ45 cables.

### Status Screen:

The status screen provides a scrolling display of all Art-Net packets. The packets are decoded and displayed in a C-like form.

The scrolling display can be modified as follows:

- 1. Ignore non-matching IP's: If checked, only packets from an IP address matching the 'Node IP' (top left) will be displayed.
- 2. Ignore ArtPoll: If checked, ArtPoll messages will be filtered out.
- 3. Ignore ArtPollReply: If checked, ArtPollReply messages will be filtered out.
- 4. Ignore ArtDmx: If checked, ArtDmx messages will be filtered out.
- 5. Ignore ArtInput: If checked, ArtInput messages will be filtered out.

The 'Clear List' button clears the list contents.

### Polling:

Nodes should be at IP addresses of either 2.x.x.x or 10.x.x.x. The two buttons 'Scan2.255.255' and 'Scan 10.255.255.255' broadcast ArtPoll to the relevant limited broadcast address.

If Nodes are present, they will reply with ArtPollReply packets. These replies are displayed in the scrolling window. The software also decodes the replies and fills in the IP address of each Node that replied in the group of six buttons.

The six button group can now be used to send ArtPoll packets direct of each Node's IP address (as opposed to broadcasting).

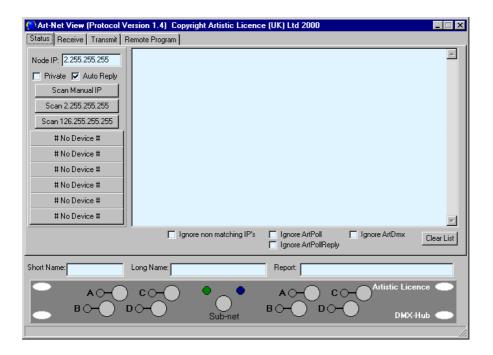
### <u>TalkToMe</u>

The two check boxes 'Private' and 'Auto-Reply' modify the TalkToMe field in all ArtPoll packets that are sent.

If 'Private' is ticked, the Node is instructed to send ArtPollReply (but not ArtDmx) packets to the PC's IP address.

If 'Auto Reply' is ticked, the Node will send an ArtPollReply whenever it's status changes.

The 'Scan Manual IP' button sends an ArtPoll to the address typed into the 'Node IP' box.



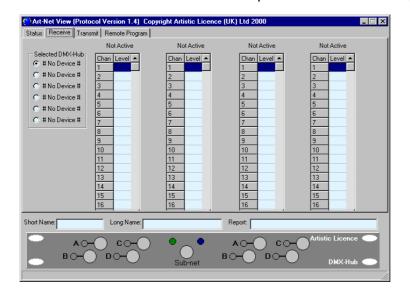
### Lower Screen

The Lower screen section displays the following:

- 1. Node's Short Name. This is decoded from received ArtPollReply messages.
- 2. Node's Long Name. This is decoded from received ArtPollReply messages.
- 3. Node's Report. This is decoded from received ArtPollReply messages.
- 4. Display of a DMX-Hub or Netgate front panel. The controls of this display are updated to reflect the ArtPollReply settings.

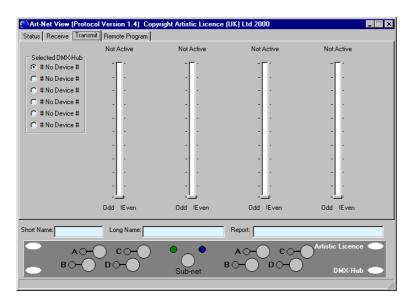
### Receive Screen:

The Receive screen displays four windows of DMX512 data decoded from ArtDmx packets. The title of each display shows the 8 bit Universe setting for each. The Radio Button list allows one of six possible Nodes to be displayed.



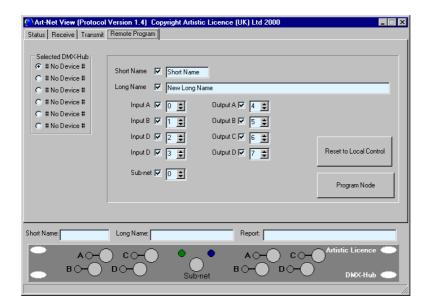
### Transmit Screen:

The Transmit provides four faders that set the output DMX levels of each Universe on the selected Node. The faders operate such that all odd numbered channels receive the fader value and all even numbered channels receive the inverted value.



The title of each display shows the 8 bit Universe setting for each. The Radio Button list allows one of six possible Nodes to be displayed.

### Remote Program Screen:



The Remote Program screen allows all parameters of ArtAddress to be modified to reprogram the selected Node.

The check box must be ticked in order for the value to be used.

### Known Bugs:

1. In heavy network activity situations the status screen can ignore user input. Workaround: Disconnect network cable until screen refresh stops, then tick the 'Ignore ArtDmx' check box.

Please report any problems to <a href="mailto:Support@ArtisticLicence.com">Support@ArtisticLicence.com</a>

Wayne Howell 11/08/01

# Artistic Licence Product Notes:

1.	DMX-Hub:				
	The Network Switch is marked Switch 4				
	■ Merge functionality is not implemented				
2.	Down-Lynx:				
	<ul> <li>Merge functionality is implemented</li> </ul>				
3.	Ether-Lynx:				
	<ul> <li>Merge functionality is implemented</li> </ul>				

## Artistic Licence

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